

Setting up Real-time Ethernet and TSN with Linux: A 10-step guide

Jan Altenberg

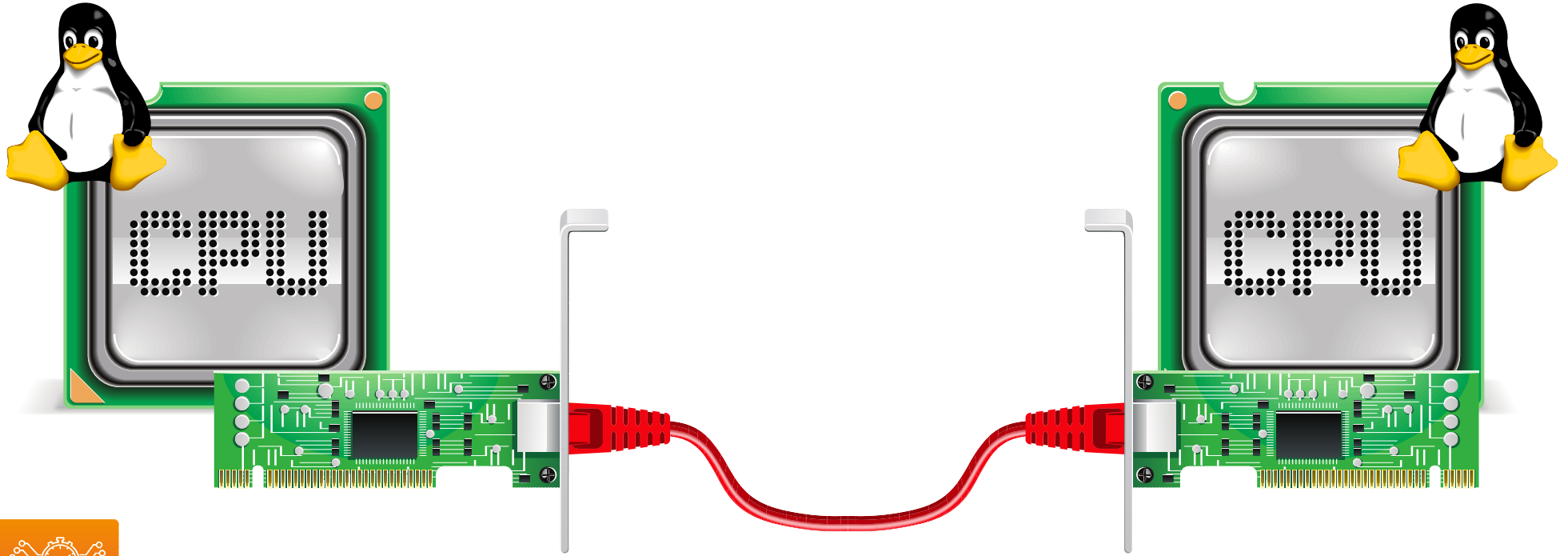
Open Source Automation Development Lab (OSADL) eG



Setting up Real-time Ethernet and TSN with Linux – A 10-step guide
Open Source Automation Development Lab (OSADL), Heidelberg



Setup

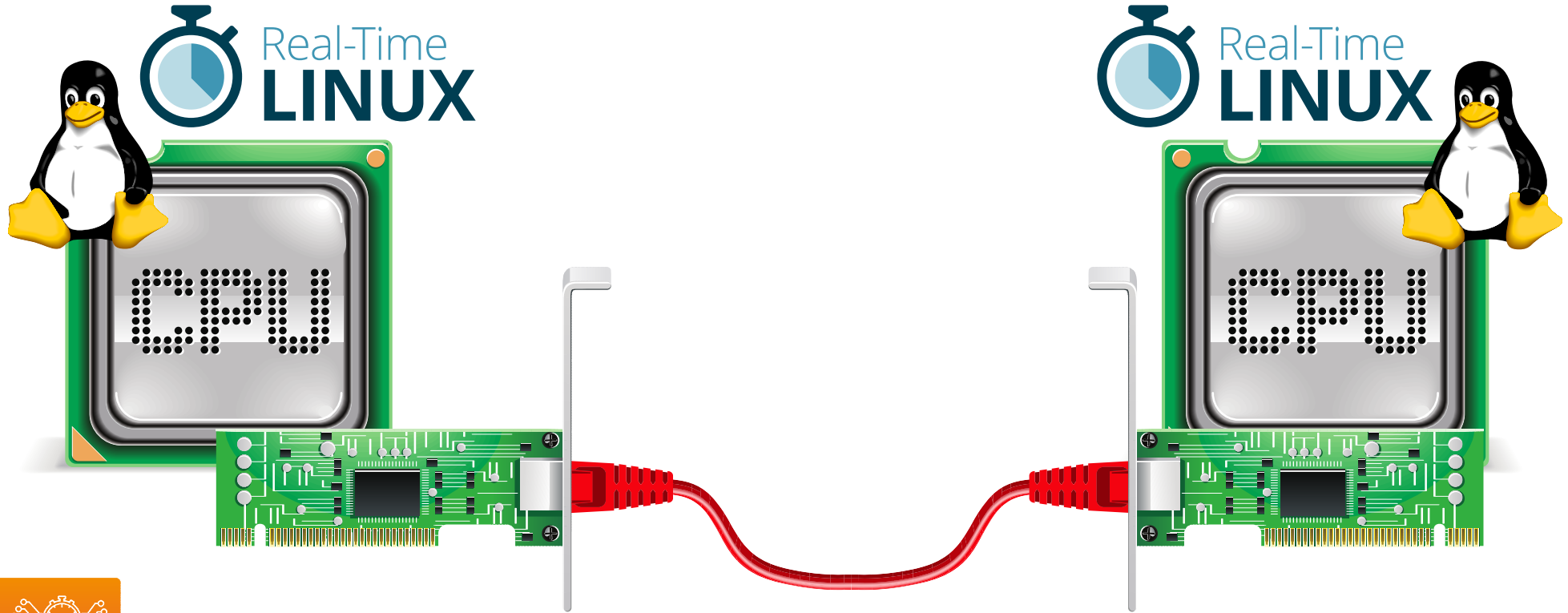


OPC UA
TSN

Setting up Real-time Ethernet and TSN with Linux – A 10-step guide
Open Source Automation Development Lab (OSADL), Heidelberg



Setup

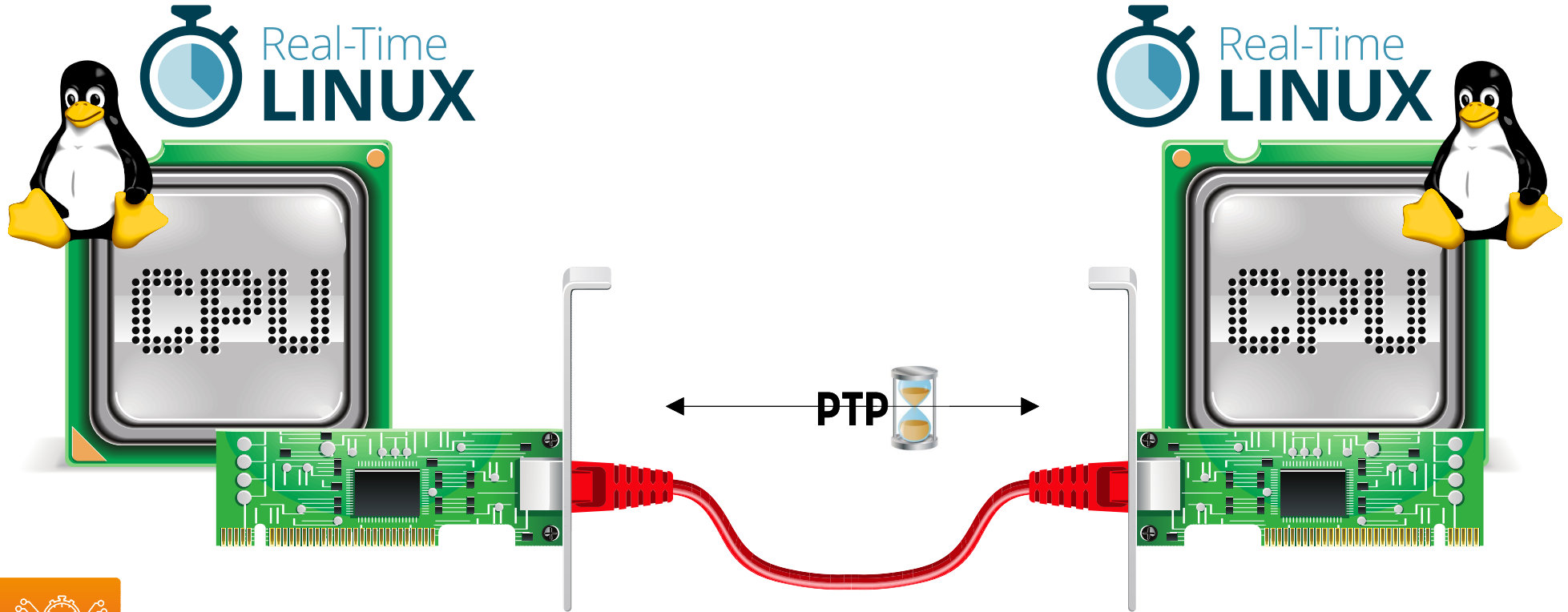


OPC UA
TSN

Setting up Real-time Ethernet and TSN with Linux – A 10-step guide
Open Source Automation Development Lab (OSADL), Heidelberg



Setup

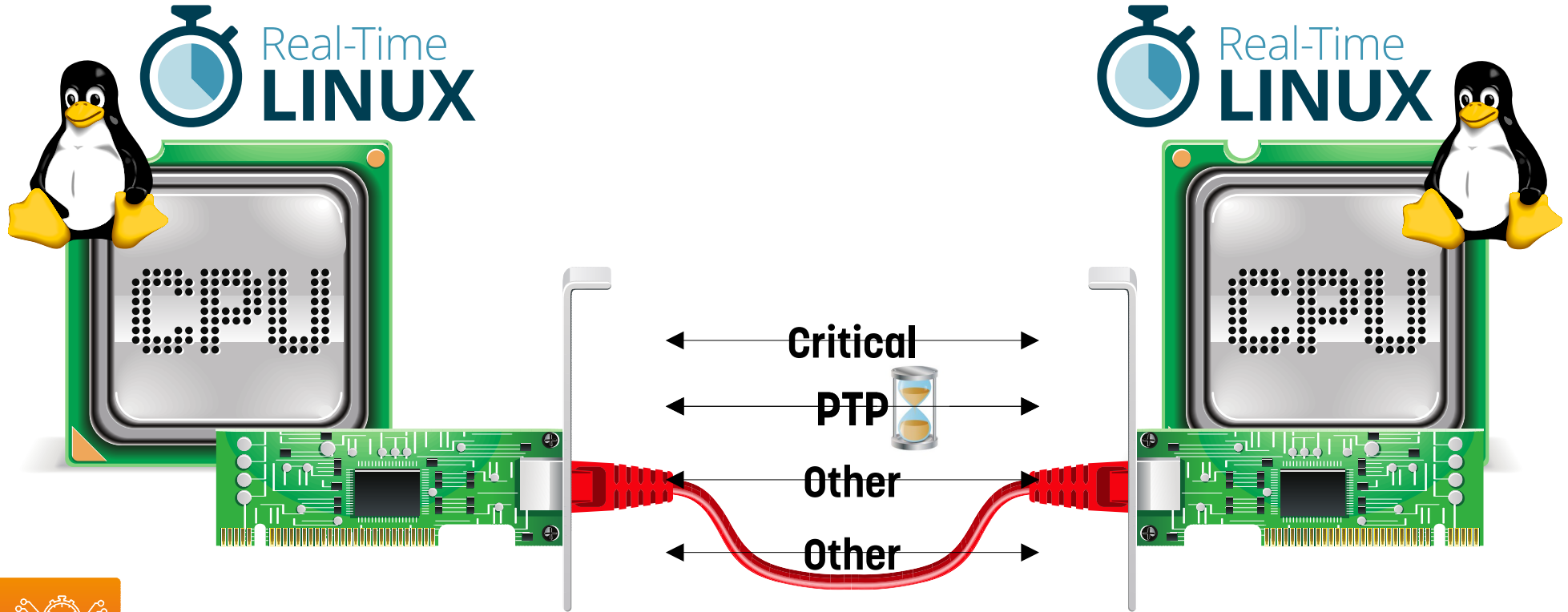


OPC UA
TSN

Setting up Real-time Ethernet and TSN with Linux – A 10-step guide
Open Source Automation Development Lab (OSADL), Heidelberg



Setup

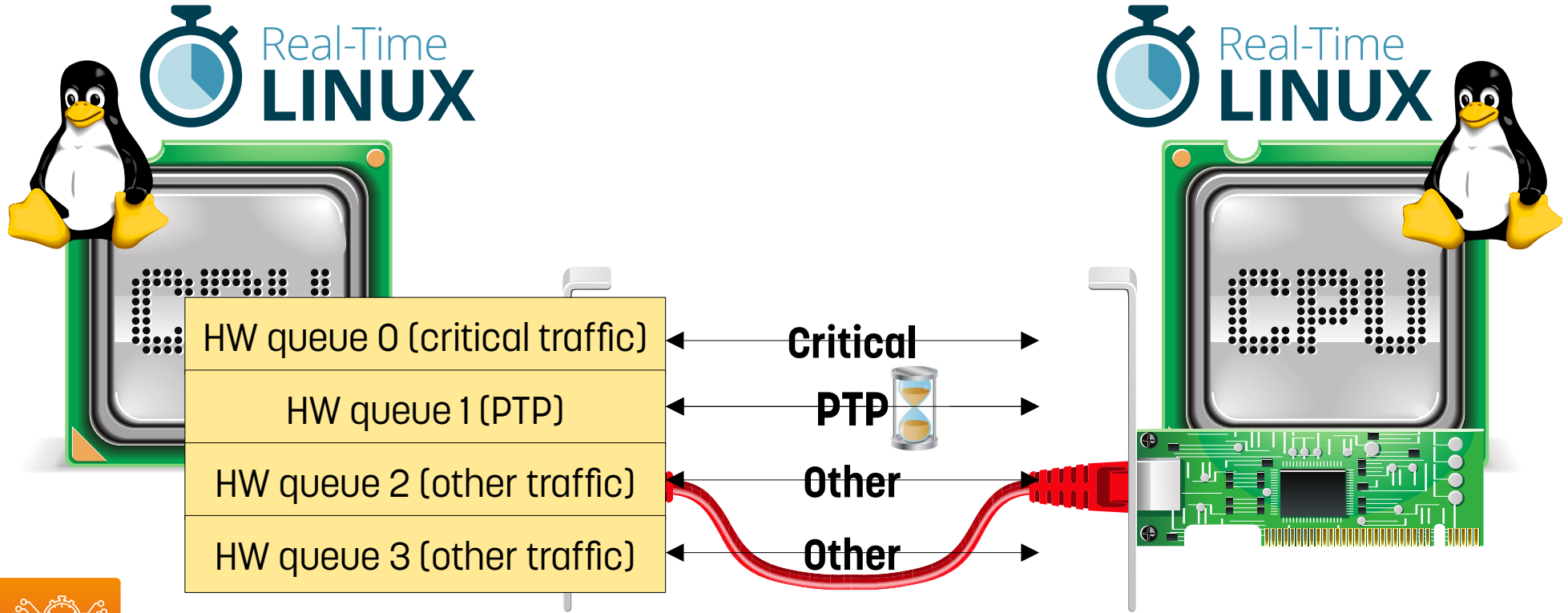


OPC UA
TSN

Setting up Real-time Ethernet and TSN with Linux – A 10-step guide
Open Source Automation Development Lab (OSADL), Heidelberg



Setup

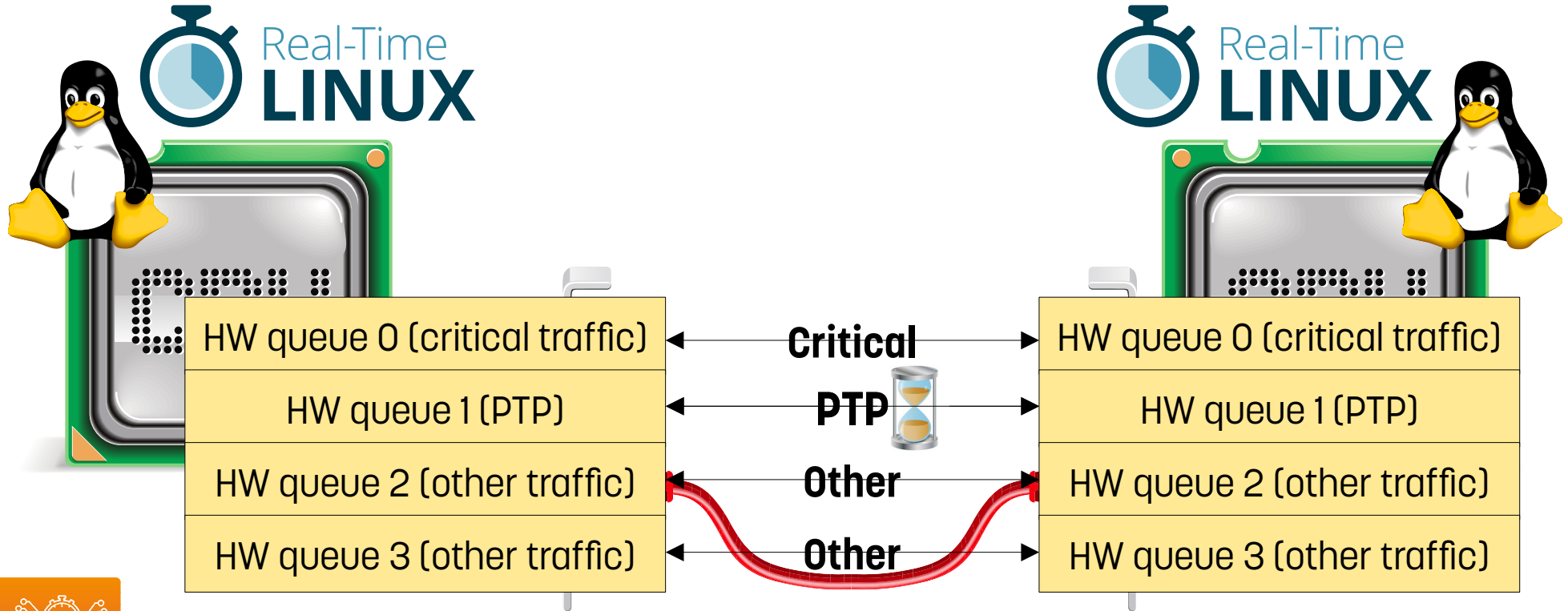


OPC UA
TSN

Setting up Real-time Ethernet and TSN with Linux – A 10-step guide
Open Source Automation Development Lab (OSADL), Heidelberg



Setup

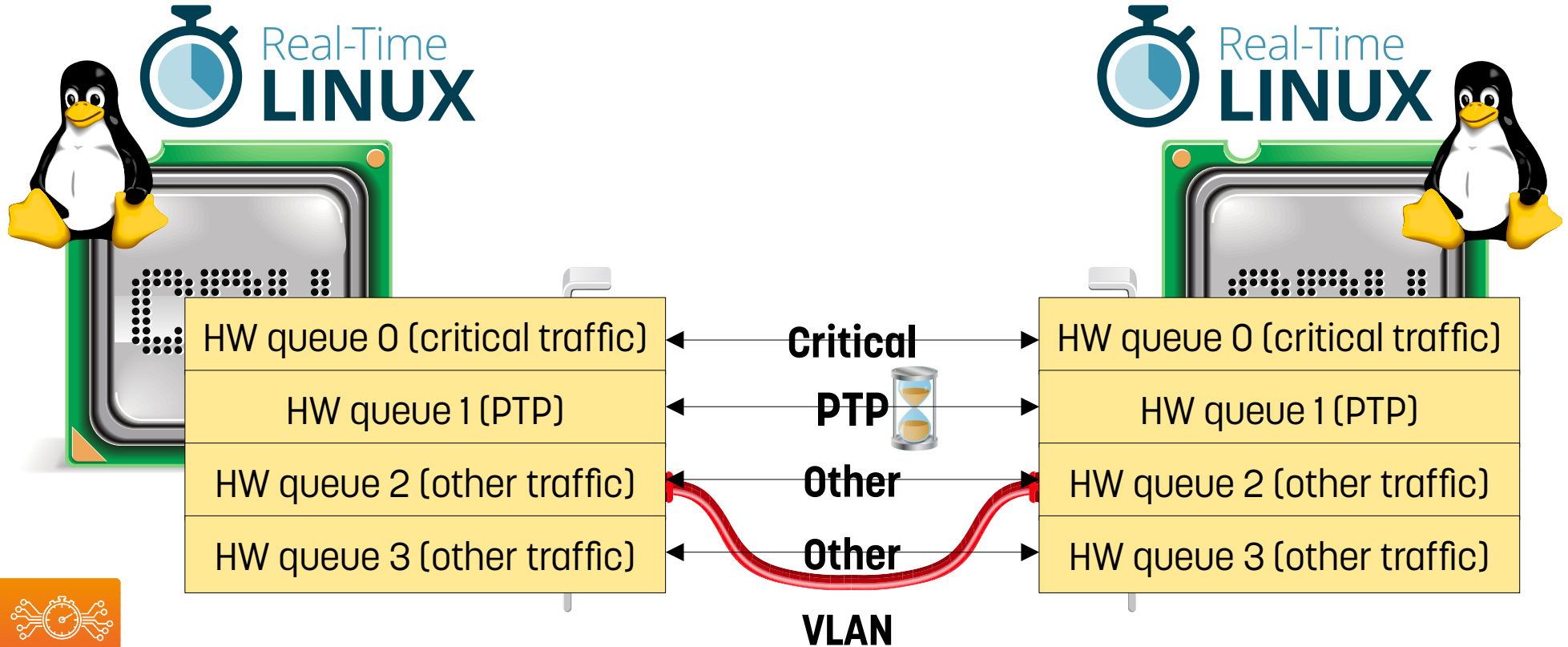


OPC UA
TSN

Setting up Real-time Ethernet and TSN with Linux – A 10-step guide
Open Source Automation Development Lab (OSADL), Heidelberg



Setup



OPC UA
TSN

Setting up Real-time Ethernet and TSN with Linux – A 10-step guide
Open Source Automation Development Lab (OSADL), Heidelberg



Step 1

- Real-time operating system setup (PREEMPT_RT)
- Hardware configuration
- Traffic classes
- System level configuration
- Queuing disciplines (QDISCs)
- Networking setup
- VLAN mapping
- Routing incoming traffic
- Time synchronization
- Evaluation



OPC UA
TSN

Setting up Real-time Ethernet and TSN with Linux – A 10-step guide
Open Source Automation Development Lab (OSADL), Heidelberg



Kernel commandline

```
isolcpus=2,3 rcu_nocbs=2,3 nohz_full=2,3  
irqaffinity=0  
noefi  
processor.max_cstate=0 intel_idle.max_cstate=0  
i915.enable_psr=0 i915.enable_rc6=0  
i915.enable_dc=0 i915.disable_power_well=0  
i915.enable_guc=2
```



Kernel commandline

isolcpus=2,3 rcu_nocbs=2,3 nohz_full=2,3

irqaffinity=0

noefi

processor_max=3

i915.enable_dc=1

i915.enable_dc=0 i915.disable_power_well=0

i915.enable_guc=2

Isolate CPU 2 and 3 for real-time applications
Route interrupts to CPU 0



OPC UA
TSN

Kernel commandline

isolcpus=2,3 rcu_nocbs=2,3 nohz_full=2,3

irqaffinity=0

noefi

processor_max

i915.enable_

i915.enable_dc=0 i915.disable_power_well=0

i915.enable_guc=2

**Don't allow access to EFI variable from userspace
(this is a well known cause for high latencies)**



OPC UA
TSN

Kernel commandline

isolcpus=2,3 rcu_nocbs=2,3 nohz_full=2,3

irqaffinity=0

noefi

processor.max_cstate=0 intel_idle.max_cstate=0

i915.enable_psr=0 i915.enable_rc6=0

i915.enable_dc=0 i915.disable_

i915.enable_guc=2

Disable CSTATES



OPC UA
TSN

Kernel commandline

```
isolcpus=2,3 rcu_nocbs=2  
irqaffinity=0  
noefi  
processor.max_cstate=0 i915.enable_psr=0 i915.enable_rc6=0  
i915.enable_dc=0 i915.disable_power_well=0  
i915.enable_guc=2
```

Configure the i915 graphics driver for optimal real-time behavior

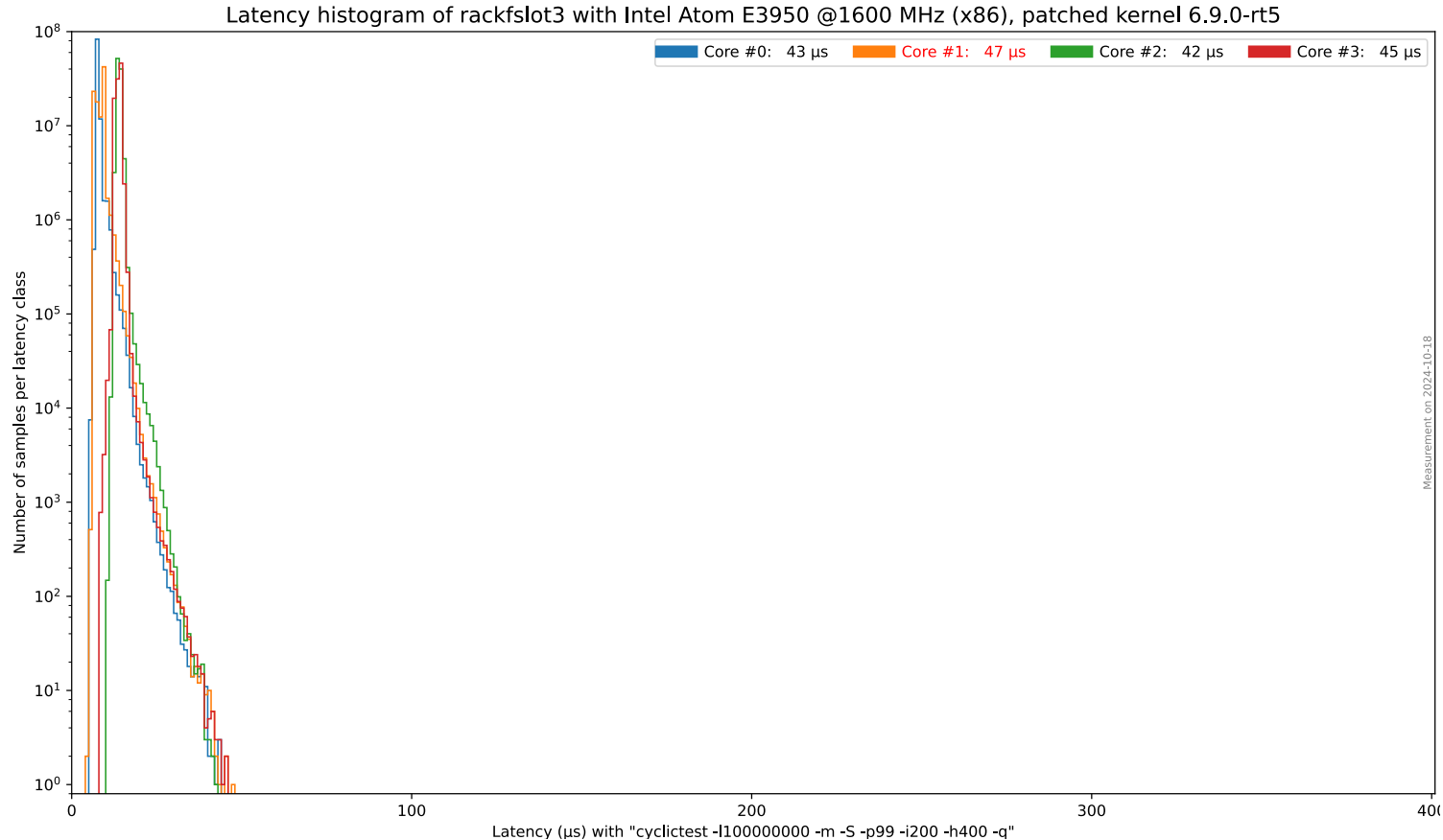


CPU frequency scaling

```
for CPU in $(seq 0 3)
do
    echo performance > \
        /sys/devices/system/cpu/cpufreq/policy${CPU}/scaling_governor
done
```



Evaluate the real-time behavior (idle)



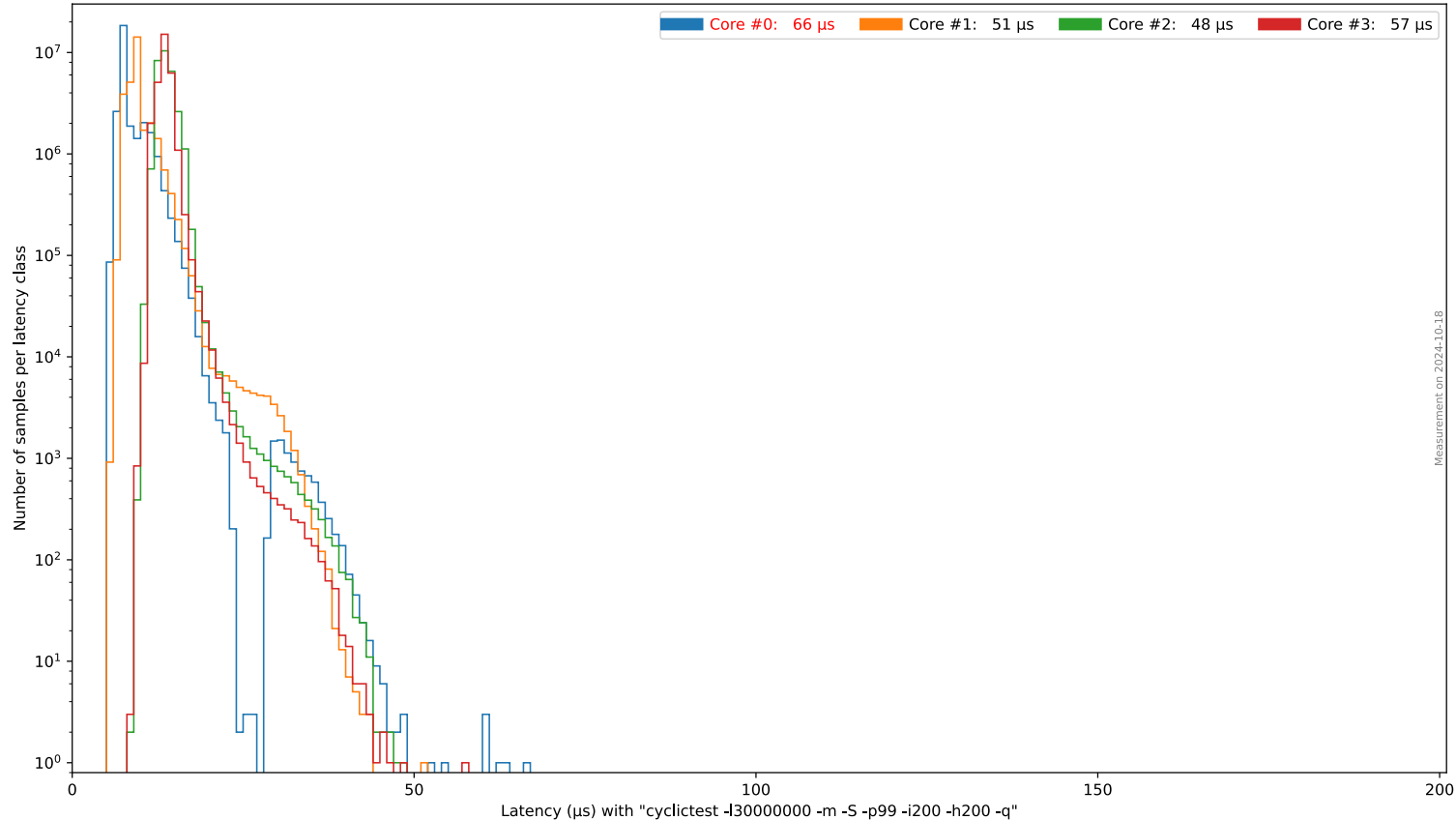
OPC UA
TSN

Setting up Real-time Ethernet and TSN with Linux – A 10-step guide
Open Source Automation Development Lab (OSADL), Heidelberg



Evaluate the real-time behavior (load)

Latency histogram of rackfslot3 with Intel Atom E3950 @1600 MHz (x86), patched kernel 6.9.0-rt5



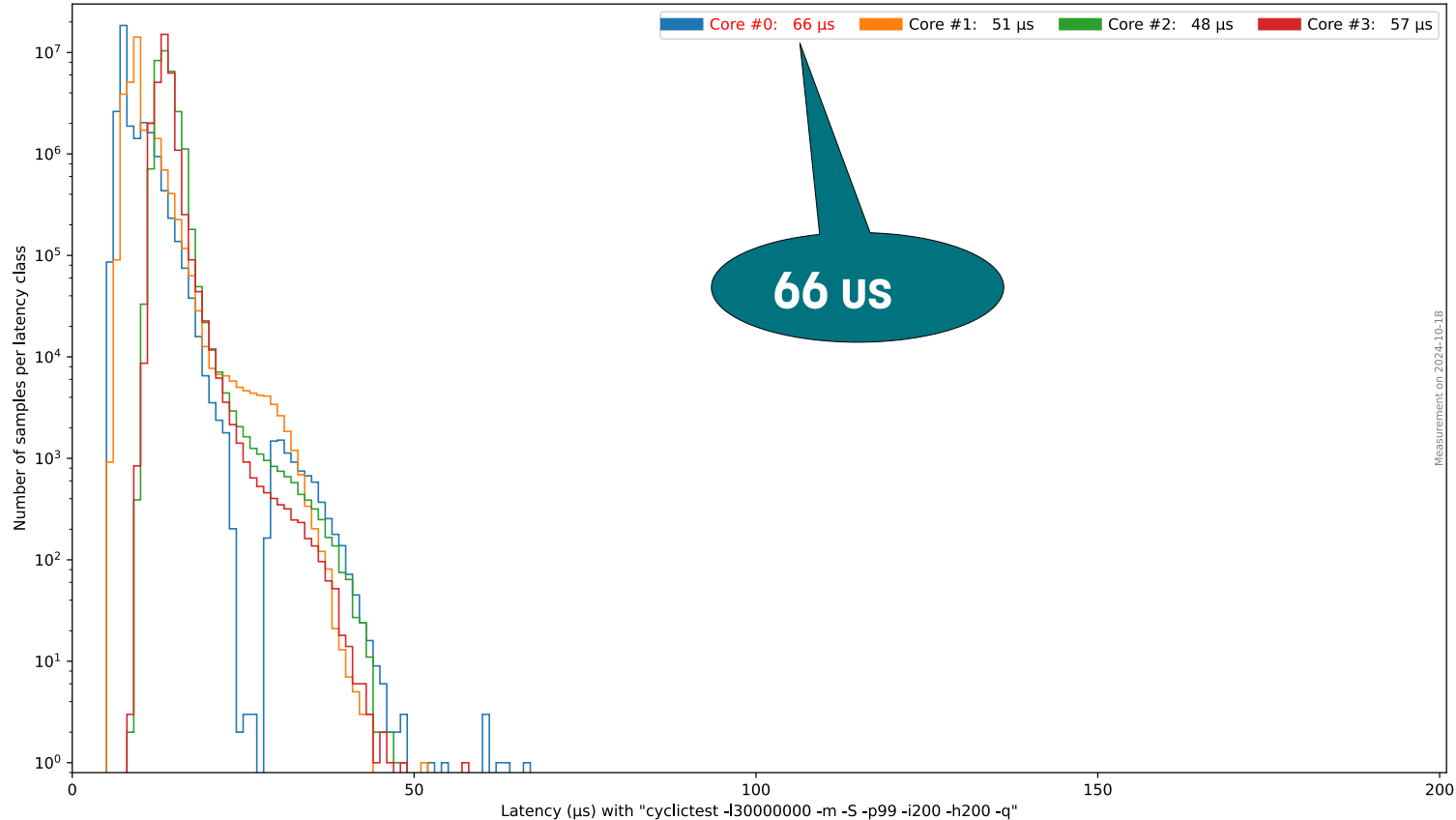
OPC UA
TSN

Setting up Real-time Ethernet and TSN with Linux – A 10-step guide
Open Source Automation Development Lab (OSADL), Heidelberg



Evaluate the real-time behavior (load)

Latency histogram of rackfslot3 with Intel Atom E3950 @1600 MHz (x86), patched kernel 6.9.0-rt5



OPC UA
TSN

Setting up Real-time Ethernet and TSN with Linux – A 10-step guide
Open Source Automation Development Lab (OSADL), Heidelberg



Step 2

- Real-time operating system setup (PREEMPT_RT)
- Hardware configuration
- Traffic classes
- System level configuration
- Queuing disciplines (QDISCs)
- Networking setup
- VLAN mapping
- Routing incoming traffic
- Time synchronization
- Evaluation



OPC UA
TSN

Setting up Real-time Ethernet and TSN with Linux – A 10-step guide
Open Source Automation Development Lab (OSADL), Heidelberg



Set up 4 combined HW queues

```
$ ethtool -L ${INTERFACE} combined 4
```

```
$ ethtool -G ${INTERFACE} rx 4096 tx 4096
```

HW queue 0
HW queue 1
HW queue 2
HW queue 3



Disable energy efficiency

```
$ ethtool --set-eee ${INTERFACE} eee off
```



Step 3

- Real-time operating system setup (PREEMPT_RT)
- Hardware configuration
- **Traffic classes**
- System level configuration
- Queuing disciplines (QDISCs)
- Networking setup
- VLAN mapping
- Routing incoming traffic
- Time synchronization
- Evaluation



OPC UA
TSN

Setting up Real-time Ethernet and TSN with Linux – A 10-step guide
Open Source Automation Development Lab (OSADL), Heidelberg



Queueing disciplines: mqprio

- Define the number of traffic classes
- Map socket priorities to traffic classes
- Assign the traffic classes to specific hardware queues

Queueing disciplines: mqprio

Manage qdiscs using the application **tc**:

```
tc qdisc add dev eth1 handle 100: parent root mqprio \  
num_tc 3 \  
map 2 2 1 0 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 \  
queues 1@0 1@1 2@2 \  
hw 0
```



Queueing disciplines: mqprio

Manage qdiscs using the application **tc**:

```
tc qdisc add dev eth1 handle 100: parent root mqprio \  
num_tc 3 \  
map 2 2 1 0 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 \  
queues 1@0 1@1 2@2 \  
hw 0
```

Mapping the socket priorities to a traffic class



Queueing disciplines: mqprio

Manage qdiscs using the application **tc**:

```
tc qdisc add dev eth1 handle 100: parent root mqprio \  
num_tc 3 \  
map 2 2 1 0 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 \  
queues 1@0 1@1 2@2 \  
hw 0
```

Priority 0



Queueing disciplines: mqprio

Manage qdiscs using the application **tc**:

```
tc qdisc add dev eth1 handle 100: parent root mqprio \  
num_tc 3 \  
map 2 2 1 0 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 \  
queues 1@0 1@1 2@2 \  
hw 0
```

Priority 1



Queueing disciplines: mqprio

Manage qdiscs using the application **tc**:

```
tc qdisc add dev eth1 handle 100: parent root mqprio \  
num_tc 3 \  
map 2 2 1 0 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 \  
queues 1@0 1@1 2@2 \  
hw 0
```

Priority 2



Queueing disciplines: mqprio

Manage qdiscs using the application **tc**:

```
tc qdisc add dev eth1 handle 100: parent root mqprio \  
num_tc 3 \  
map 2 2 1 0 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 \  
queues 1@0 1@1 2@2 \  
hw 0
```

Priority **15**



Queueing disciplines: mqprio

Manage qdiscs using the application **tc**:

```
tc qdisc add dev eth1 handle 100: parent root mqprio \  
num_tc 3 \  
map 2 2 1 0 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 \  
queues 1@0 1@1 2@2 \  
hw 0
```

Priority **0** maps to traffic class **2**



Queueing disciplines: mqprio

Manage qdiscs using the application **tc**:

```
tc qdisc add dev eth1 handle 100: parent root mqprio \  
num_tc 3 \  
map 2 2 1 0 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 \  
queues 1@0 1@1 2@2 \  
hw 0
```

Priority **2** maps to traffic class **1**



Queueing disciplines: mqprio

Manage qdiscs using the application **tc**:

```
tc qdisc add dev eth1 handle 100: parent root mqprio \  
num_tc 3 \  
map 2 2 1 0 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 \  
queues 1@0 1@1 2@2 \  
hw 0
```

Priority **3** maps to traffic class **0**



Queueing disciplines: mqprio

Manage qdiscs using the application **tc**:

```
tc qdisc add dev eth1 handle 100: parent root mqprio \  
num_tc 3 \  
map 2 2 1 0 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 \  
queues 1@0 1@1 2@2 \  
hw 0
```

Map the traffic classes into hardware queues (4 queues are being used here)



Queueing disciplines: mqprio

Manage qdiscs using the application **tc**:

```
tc qdisc add dev eth1 handle 100: parent root mqprio \  
num_tc 3 \  
map 2 2 1 0 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 \  
queues 1@0 1@1 2@2 \  
hw 0
```

Traffic class 0



Queueing disciplines: mqprio

Manage qdiscs using the application **tc**:

```
tc qdisc add dev eth1 handle 100: parent root mqprio \  
num_tc 3 \  
map 2 2 1 0 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 \  
queues 1@0 1@1 2@2 \  
hw 0
```

Traffic class 1



Queueing disciplines: mqprio

Manage qdiscs using the application **tc**:

```
tc qdisc add dev eth1 handle 100: parent root mqprio \  
num_tc 3 \  
map 2 2 1 0 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 \  
queues 1@0 1@1 2@2 \  
hw 0
```

Traffic class **2**



Queueing disciplines: mqprio

Manage qdiscs using the application **tc**:

```
tc qdisc add dev eth1 handle 100: parent root mqprio \  
num_tc 3 \  
map 2 2 1 0 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 \  
queues 1@0 1@1 2@2 \  
hw 0
```

HW queue 0
HW queue 1
HW queue 2
HW queue 3



Queueing disciplines: mqprio

Manage qdiscs using the application **tc**:

```
tc qdisc add dev eth1 handle 100: parent root mqprio \  
num_tc 3 \  
map 2 2 1 0 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 \  
queues 1@0 1@1 2@2 \  
hw 0
```

TC0 goes into 1 queue

HW queue 0
HW queue 1
HW queue 2
HW queue 3



Queueing disciplines: mqprio

Manage qdiscs using the application **tc**:

```
tc qdisc add dev eth1 handle 100: parent root mqprio \  
num_tc 3 \  
map 2 2 1 0 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 \  
queues 1@0 1@1 2@2 \  
hw 0
```

TC0 goes into 1 queue
starting from queue **0**

HW queue 0
HW queue 1
HW queue 2
HW queue 3



Queueing disciplines: mqprio

Manage qdiscs using the application **tc**:

```
tc qdisc add dev eth1 handle 100: parent root mqprio \  
num_tc 3 \  
map 2 2 1 0 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 \  
queues 1@0 1@1 2@2 \  
hw 0
```

TC0 goes into **1** queue
starting from queue **0**

HW queue 0
HW queue 1
HW queue 2
HW queue 3



Queueing disciplines: mqprio

Manage qdiscs using the application **tc**:

```
tc qdisc add dev eth1 handle 100: parent root mqprio \  
num_tc 3 \  
map 2 2 1 0 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 \  
queues 1@0 1@1 2@2 \  
hw 0
```

TC1 goes into **1** queue
starting from queue **1**

HW queue 0
HW queue 1
HW queue 2
HW queue 3



Queueing disciplines: mqprio

Manage qdiscs using the application **tc**:

```
tc qdisc add dev eth1 handle 100: parent root mqprio \  
num_tc 3 \  
map 2 2 1 0 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 \  
queues 1@0 1@1 2@2 \  
hw 0
```

TC2 goes into **2** queues
starting from queue **2**

HW queue 0

HW queue 1

HW queue 2

HW queue 3



Queueing disciplines: mqprio

Manage qdiscs using the application **tc**:

```
tc qdisc add dev eth1 handle 100: parent root mqprio \  
num_tc 3 \  

```

```
map 2 2 1 0 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 \  

```

```
queues 1@0 1@1 2@2 \  

```

0: No hardware offloading
1: Hardware offloading

```
hw 0
```

```
# Check for hardware support  
ethtool -k eth1 | grep hw-tc-offload  
hw-tc-offload: on
```



Step 4

- Real-time operating system setup (PREEMPT_RT)
- Hardware configuration
- Traffic classes
- **System level configuration**
- Queuing disciplines (QDISCs)
- Networking setup
- VLAN mapping
- Routing incoming traffic
- Time synchronization
- Evaluation



OPC UA
TSN

Setting up Real-time Ethernet and TSN with Linux – A 10-step guide
Open Source Automation Development Lab (OSADL), Heidelberg



Threaded NAPI

```
$ echo 1 > /sys/class/net/${INTERFACE}/threaded
```



OPC UA
TSN

Setting up Real-time Ethernet and TSN with Linux – A 10-step guide
Open Source Automation Development Lab (OSADL), Heidelberg



IRQ routing

```
HWQUEUE=0
for IRQ_NUM in $(cat /proc/interrupts | grep ${INTERFACE} | cut -f1 -d:)
do
    if [ ${HWQUEUE} -lt 3 ]
    then
        echo ${ETH_IRQTHREAD_MASK} > /proc/irq/${IRQ_NUM}/smp_affinity
    fi
    let HWQUEUE=${HWQUEUE}+1
done
```



IRQ-thread priorities

```
HWQUEUEUE=0
```

```
for PID in $(ps aux | grep ${INTERFACE} | grep irq | tr -s ' ' | cut -f2 -d' ')  
do
```

```
    if [ ${HWQUEUEUE} -ge 1 -a ${HWQUEUEUE} -lt 3 ]
```

```
    then
```

```
        chrt -f -p ${ETH_IRQTHREAD_PRIO} ${PID}
```

```
    else
```

```
        chrt -f -p 70 ${PID}
```

```
    fi
```

```
    let HWQUEUEUE=${HWQUEUEUE}+1
```

```
done
```



OPC UA
TSN

NAPI-thread priorities

```
HWQUEUE=4
NAPITHREADS=$(ps aux | grep napi | grep ${INTERFACE} | awk '{ print $2; }')
for THREAD in ${NAPITHREADS}
do
    if [ ${HWQUEUE} -le 2 ]
    then
        chrt -p -f ${NAPI_THREAD_PRIO} $THREAD
        taskset -pc ${NAPI_CPU_AFFINITY} $THREAD
    else
        chrt -p -f 70 $THREAD
        taskset -pc 0 $THREAD
    fi
    let HWQUEUE=${HWQUEUE}-1
done
```



CPU pinning and priorities

PID	USER	PR	NI	VIRT	RES	SHR	S	%CPU	%MEM	TIME+	COMMAND
[...]											
13874	root	0	-20	0	0	0	I	0.0	0.0	0:00.00	kworker/3:1H-kblo
2055005	root	-76	0	238944	46456	2304	S	50.0	1.2	0:56.79	pubsub_TSN_publ
2055008	root	-76	0	238944	46456	2304	S	0.0	1.2	0:11.79	pubsub_TSN_publ
[...]											
666	root	-71	0	0	0	0	S	0.0	0.0	0:07.24	irq/132-enp4s0
667	root	-99	0	0	0	0	S	0.0	0.0	25:06.80	irq/133-enp4s0-TxRx-0
668	root	-99	0	0	0	0	S	0.0	0.0	0:31.43	irq/134-enp4s0-TxRx-1
793	root	-99	0	0	0	0	S	0.0	0.0	0:30.76	napi/enp4s0-8198
794	root	-99	0	0	0	0	S	50.0	0.0	27:21.56	napi/enp4s0-8197
1975955	root	0	-20	0	0	0	I	0.0	0.0	0:00.00	kworker/2:1H
2055006	root	-79	0	238944	46456	2304	S	0.0	1.2	0:23.29	pubsub_TSN_publ
2055007	root	-82	0	238944	46456	2304	S	0.0	1.2	0:21.59	pubsub_TSN_publ

HW queue 0 (critical traffic)

HW queue 1 (PTP)

HW queue 2 (other traffic)

HW queue 3 (other traffic)

2

2

2

2

2

2

2



OPC UA
TSN

Setting up Real-time Ethernet and TSN with Linux – A 10-step guide
Open Source Automation Development Lab (OSADL), Heidelberg



Step 5

- Real-time operating system setup (PREEMPT_RT)
- Hardware configuration
- Traffic classes
- System level configuration
- Queuing disciplines (QDISCs)
- Networking setup
- VLAN mapping
- Routing incoming traffic
- Time synchronization
- Evaluation



ETF

Manage qdiscs using the application **tc**:

```
tc qdisc replace dev eth1 parent 100:1 etf \  
clockid CLOCK_TAI \  
delta 66000 \  
offload
```



ETF

Manage qdiscs using the application **tc**:

```
tc qdisc replace dev eth1 parent 100:1 etf \  
clockid CLOCK_TAI \  
                handle of the parent qdisc (defined before) \  
delta 66000 \  
offload
```



ETF

Manage qdiscs using the application **tc**:

```
tc qdisc replace dev eth1 parent 100:1 etf \  
clockid CLOCK_TAI \  
delta 66000 \  
offload
```

Traffic class:
1: TC0 2: TC1 3: TC2



ETF

Manage qdiscs using the application **tc**:

```
tc qdisc replace dev eth1 parent 100:1 etf \  
clockid CLOCK_TAI \  
delta 66000 \  
offload
```

Traffic class:

1: TC0 2: TC1 3: TC2



ETF

Manage qdiscs using the application **tc**:

```
tc qdisc replace dev eth1 parent 100:1 etf \
```

```
clockid CLOCK_TAI \
```

The clock to be used for scheduling events
and measuring the time

```
delta 66000 \
```

```
offload
```



ETF

Manage qdiscs using the application **tc**:

```
tc qdisc replace dev eth1 parent 100:1 etf \
```

```
clockid CLOCK_TAI \
```

```
delta 66000 \
```

Can be used to take the scheduler latency into account

```
offload
```



ETF

Manage qdiscs using the application **tc**:

```
tc qdisc replace dev eth1 parent 100:1 etf \
```

```
clockid CLOCK_TAI \
```

```
delta 66000 \
```

```
offload
```

Can be used to take the scheduler latency into account
Next wake up = next tx time - **delta**



ETF

Manage qdiscs using the application to:

```
tc qdisc
```

```
clockid CLOCK_T
```

```
delta 66000 \
```

```
offload
```

Use cyclicttest to determine the latency

Can be used to take the scheduler latency into account
Next wake up = next tx time - **delta**



ETF

Manage qdiscs using the application **tc**:

```
tc qdisc replace dev eth1 parent 100:1 etf \  
clockid CLOCK_TAI \  
delta 66000 \  
offload
```

Use the “Launch Time” feature of the NIC
(disabled by default)



Step 6

- Real-time operating system setup (PREEMPT_RT)
- Hardware configuration
- Traffic classes
- System level configuration
- Queuing disciplines (QDISCs)
- **Networking setup**
- VLAN mapping
- Routing incoming traffic
- Time synchronization
- Evaluation



OPC UA
TSN

Setting up Real-time Ethernet and TSN with Linux – A 10-step guide
Open Source Automation Development Lab (OSADL), Heidelberg



VLAN

```
auto enp4s0.8  
iface enp4s0.8 inet static  
address 192.168.4.1  
netmask 255.255.255.0
```



VLAN

```
auto enp4s0.8  
iface enp4s0.8 inet static  
address 192.168.4.2  
netmask 255.255.255.0
```



Step 7

- Real-time operating system setup (PREEMPT_RT)
- Hardware configuration
- Traffic classes
- System level configuration
- Queuing disciplines (QDISCs)
- Networking setup
- **VLAN mapping**
- Routing incoming traffic
- Time synchronization
- Evaluation



OPC UA
TSN

Setting up Real-time Ethernet and TSN with Linux – A 10-step guide
Open Source Automation Development Lab (OSADL), Heidelberg



Setup virtual networks (VLAN)

- Using qdiscs traffic classes are mapped to hardware queues and outgoing traffic can be scheduled.
- In a next step outgoing packets have to be “marked”, so the different traffic classes can be differentiated on the network.
- This is done using the Port Control Protocol (PCP) field.
- Socket priorities can be mapped to the PCP field using VLANs.

Setup virtual networks (VLAN)

Map the traffic classes to the PCP field:

```
# ip link set enp4s0.8 type vlan \
egress 2:2 3:3
```



OPC UA
TSN

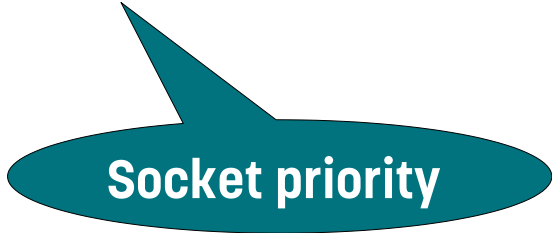
Setting up Real-time Ethernet and TSN with Linux – A 10-step guide
Open Source Automation Development Lab (OSADL), Heidelberg



Setup virtual networks (VLAN)

Map the traffic classes to the PCP field:

```
# ip link set enp4s0.8 type vlan \
egress 2:2 3:3
```



Socket priority



OPC UA
TSN

Setting up Real-time Ethernet and TSN with Linux – A 10-step guide
Open Source Automation Development Lab (OSADL), Heidelberg



Setup virtual networks (VLAN)

Map the traffic classes to the PCP field:

```
# ip link set enp4s0.8 type vlan \  
egress 2:2 3:3
```



PCP field (VLAN priority)



Step 8

- Real-time operating system setup (PREEMPT_RT)
- Hardware configuration
- Traffic classes
- System level configuration
- Queuing disciplines (QDISCs)
- Networking setup
- VLAN mapping
- Routing incoming traffic
- Time synchronization
- Evaluation



OPC UA
TSN

Setting up Real-time Ethernet and TSN with Linux – A 10-step guide
Open Source Automation Development Lab (OSADL), Heidelberg



Filtering incoming traffic

```
ethtool -K ${INTERFACE} ntuple on
```

```
# PCP 3 -> HW queue 0
```

```
ethtool -N ${INTERFACE} flow-type ether vlan 0x6000 m 0x1fff action 0
```

```
# PCP 2 -> HW queue 1
```

```
ethtool -N ${INTERFACE} flow-type ether vlan 0x4000 m 0x1fff action 1
```

```
# The rest goes to HW queue 2 and 3
```

```
ethtool -N ${INTERFACE} flow-type ether vlan 0xc000 m 0x1fff action 2
```

```
[...]
```

```
ethtool -N ${INTERFACE} flow-type ether vlan 0xe000 m 0x1fff action 3
```



Filtering incoming traffic

```
ethtool -K ${INTERFACE} ntuple on
```

```
# PCP 3 -> HW queue 0
```

```
ethtool -N ${INTERFACE} flow-type ether vlan 0x6000 m 0x1fff action 0
```

```
# PCP 2 -> HW queue 1
```

```
ethtool -N ${INTERFACE} flow-type ether vlan 0x5000 m 0x1fff action 1
```

PCP field 3 goes to HW queue 0

```
# The rest goes to HW queue 2 and 3
```

```
ethtool -N ${INTERFACE} flow-type ether vlan 0xc000 m 0x1fff action 2
```

```
[...]
```

```
ethtool -N ${INTERFACE} flow-type ether vlan 0xe000 m 0x1fff action 3
```



Filtering incoming traffic

```
ethtool -K ${INTERFACE} ntuple on
```

```
# PCP 3 -> HW queue 0
```

```
ethtool -N ${INTERFACE} flow-type ether vlan 0x6000 m 0x1fff action 0
```

```
# PCP 2 -> HW queue 1
```

```
ethtool -N ${INTERFACE} flow-type ether vlan 0x4000 m 0x1fff action 1
```

```
# The rest goes to HW queue 2
```

```
ethtool -N ${INTERFACE} flow-type ether vlan 0xe000 m 0x1fff action 2
```

```
[...]
```

```
ethtool -N ${INTERFACE} flow-type ether vlan 0xe000 m 0x1fff action 3
```

PCP field 2 goes to HW queue 1



Filtering incoming traffic

```
ethtool -K ${INTERFACE} ntuple on
```

```
# PCP 3 -> HW queue 0
```

```
ethtool -N ${INTERFACE} flow-type ether vlan 0x6000 m 0x1fff action 0
```

```
# PCP 2 -> HW queue 1
```

```
ethtool -N ${INTERFACE} flow-type ether vlan 0x4000 m 0x1fff action 1
```

```
# The rest goes to HW queue 2 and 3
```

```
ethtool -N ${INTERFACE} flow-type ether vlan 0xc000 m 0x1fff action 2
```

```
[...]
```

```
ethtool -N ${INTERFACE} flow-type ether vlan 0x0000 m 0x1fff action 3
```

Other traffic goes to HW queues 2 and 3



OPC UA
TSN

Step 9

- Real-time operating system setup (PREEMPT_RT)
- Hardware configuration
- Traffic classes
- System level configuration
- Queuing disciplines (QDISCs)
- Networking setup
- VLAN mapping
- Routing incoming traffic
- Time synchronization
- Evaluation

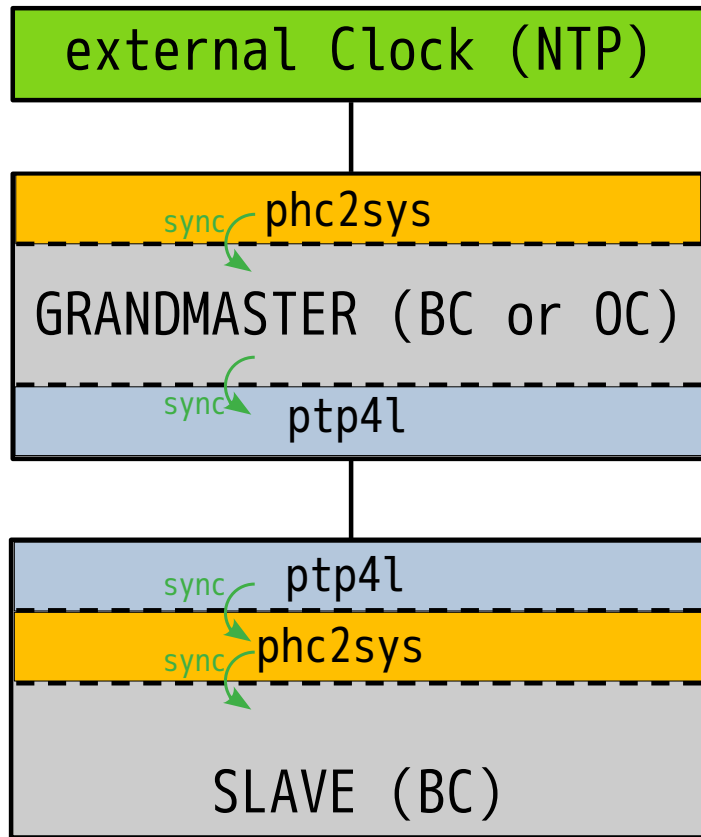


OPC UA
TSN

Setting up Real-time Ethernet and TSN with Linux – A 10-step guide
Open Source Automation Development Lab (OSADL), Heidelberg



System setup



- Exactly one time provider is needed per network (the "grandmaster"). This grandmaster knows the time, since it
 - has a built-in highly accurate clock,
 - obtains the correct time from an external trusted source, or
 - does both.
- As many time consumers ("slaves") as required may be installed.
- Slaves may be connected peer-to-peer or via switches.



PTP synchronization on the Grandmaster

Send network time information via PTP

```
$ ptp4l -A -i enp1s0 --socket_priority=2 -f /etc/linuxptp/ptp4l.conf \  
-2 -mq >/var/log/ptp4l.out 2>/var/log/ptp4l.err
```

Synchronize system time

```
$ phc2sys -c enp1s0 -s CLOCK_REALTIME \  
-w -mq >/var/log/phc2sys.out 2>/var/log/phc2sys.err
```



PTP synchronization on the Grandmaster

Send network time information via PTP

```
$ ptp4l -A -i enp1s0 --socket_priority=2 -f /etc/linuxptp/ptp4l.conf \  
-2 -mq >/var/log/ptp4l.out 2>/var/log/ptp4l.err
```

Synchronize system time

```
$ phc2sys -c enp1s0 -s CLOCK_REALTIME \  
-w -mq >/var/log/phc2sys.out 2>/var/log/phc2sys.err
```

HW queue 0 (critical traffic)

HW queue 1 (PTP)

HW queue 2 (other traffic)

HW queue 3 (other traffic)



OPC UA
TSN

PTP synchronization on the Grandmaster

Send network time information via PTP

```
$ ptp4l -A -i enp1s0 --socket_priority=2 -f /etc/linuxptp/ptp4l.conf \  
-2 -mq >/var/log/ptp4l.out 2>/var/log/ptp4l.err
```

→ *Select delay mechanism automatically*

Synchronize system time

```
$ phc2sys -c enp1s0 -s CLOCK_REALTIME \  
-w -mq >/var/log/phc2sys.out 2>/var/log/phc2sys.err
```



PTP time synchronization on the slave

Receive network time information via PTP

```
ptp4l -A -i enp1s0 --socket_priority=2 -2 -mq -s \  
-f /etc/linuxptp/ptp4l.conf >/var/log/ptp4l.out 2>/var/log/ptp4l.err &
```

Synchronize system time

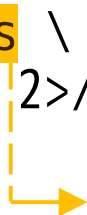
```
phc2sys -s enp1s0 -w -mq >/var/log/phc2sys.out 2>/var/log/phc2sys.err &
```



PTP time synchronization on the slave

Receive network time information via PTP

```
ptp4l -A -i enp1s0 --socket_priority=2 -2 -mq -s \  
-f /etc/linuxptp/ptp4l.conf >/var/log/ptp4l.out 2>/var/log/ptp4l.err &
```

 *run as slave*

Synchronize system time

```
phc2sys -s enp1s0 -w -mq >/var/log/phc2sys.out 2>/var/log/phc2sys.err &
```



Step 10

- Real-time operating system setup (PREEMPT_RT)
- Hardware configuration
- Traffic classes
- System level configuration
- Queuing disciplines (QDISCs)
- Networking setup
- VLAN mapping
- Routing incoming traffic
- Time synchronization
- Evaluation



OPC UA
TSN

Setting up Real-time Ethernet and TSN with Linux – A 10-step guide
Open Source Automation Development Lab (OSADL), Heidelberg



Open62541: PubSub real-time example, build configuration

```
# cmake -DUA_ENABLE_PUBSUB=ON \  
-DUA_ENABLE_PUBSUB_ETH_UADP=ON \  
-DUA_BUILD_EXAMPLES=ON \  
-DUA_ENABLE_MALLOC_SINGLETON=ON \  
-DUA_ENABLE_PUBSUB_BUFMALLOC=ON \  
-DUA_ENABLE_IMMUTABLE_NODES=ON  
# make
```



Open62541: PubSub real-time example, build configuration

```
# ls -1 bin/examples/pubsub_*
```

```
[...]
```

```
bin/examples/pubsub_TSN_loopback
```

```
bin/examples/pubsub_TSN_loopback_single_thread
```

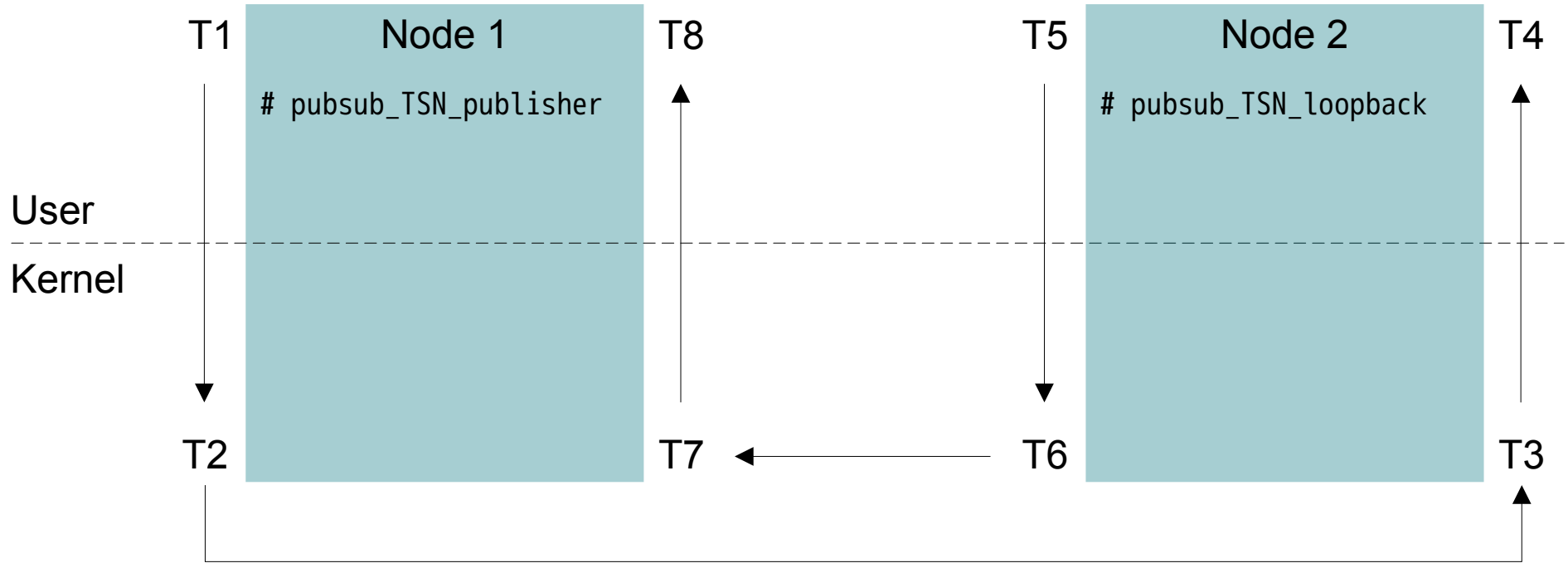
```
bin/examples/pubsub_TSN_publisher
```

```
[...]
```



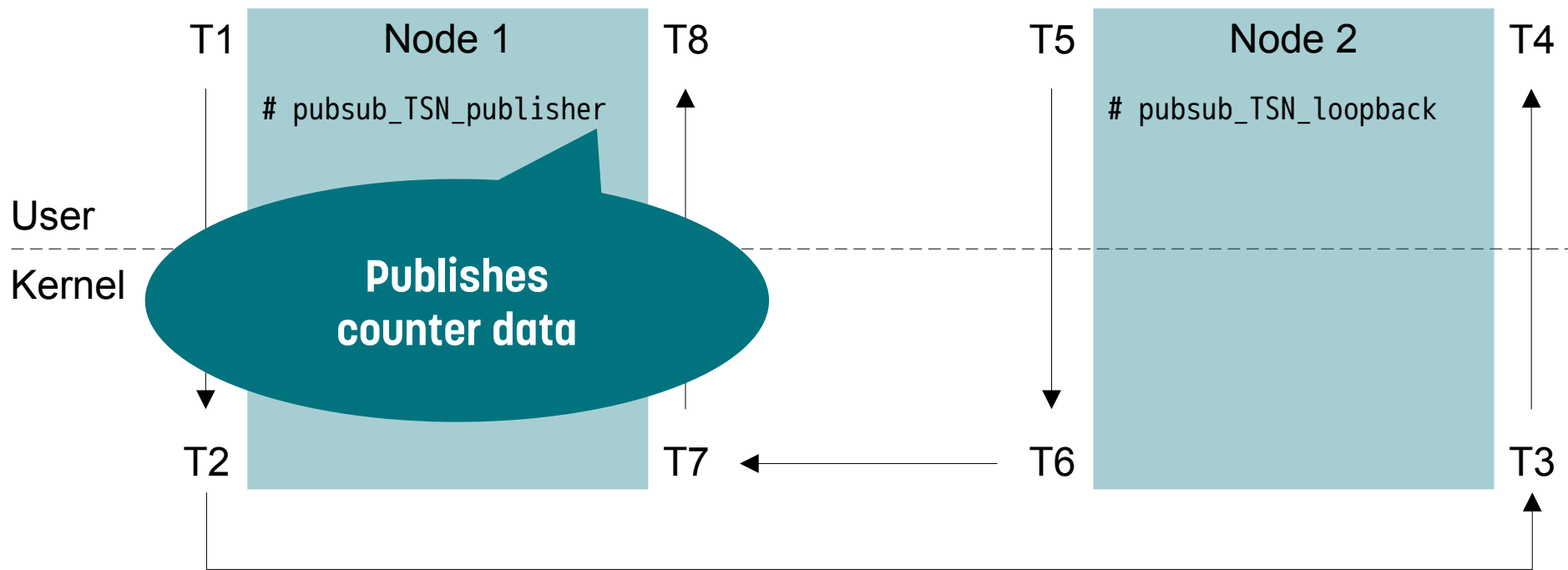
OPC UA
TSN

Open62541: PubSub real-time example



$T8 - T1 = \text{Round trip time}$

Open62541: PubSub real-time example

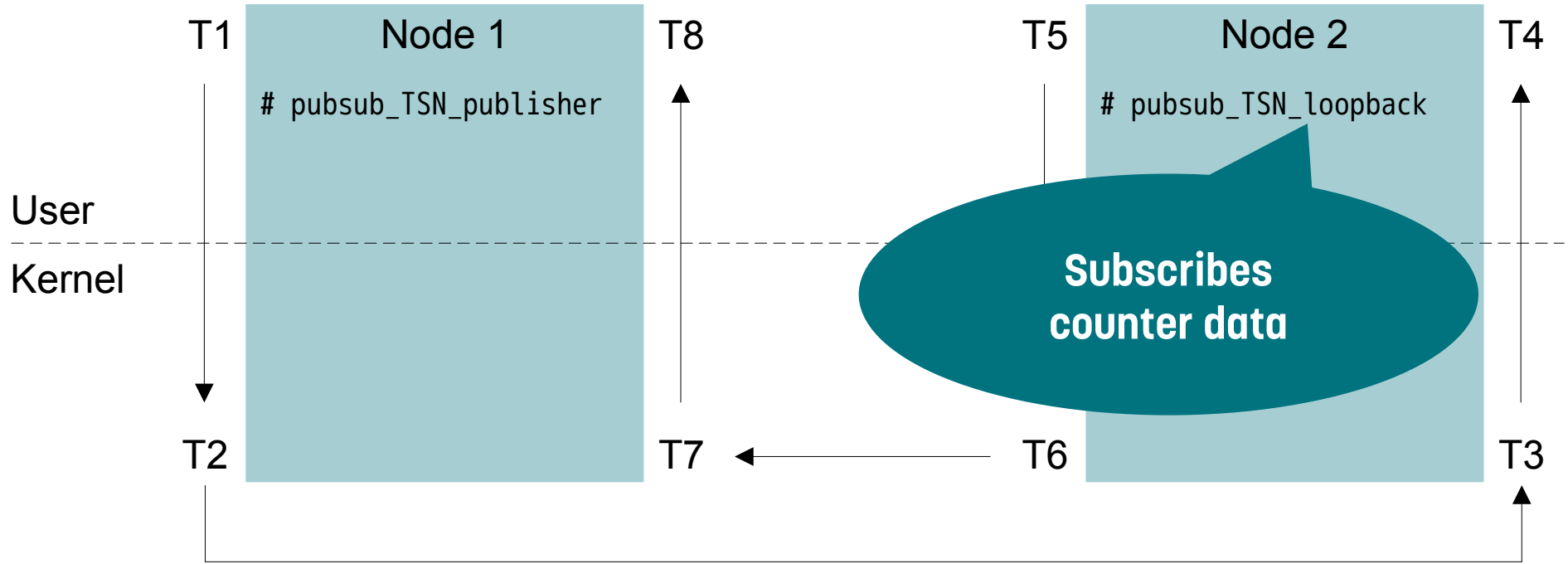


$T8 - T1 = \text{Round trip time}$



OPC UA
TSN

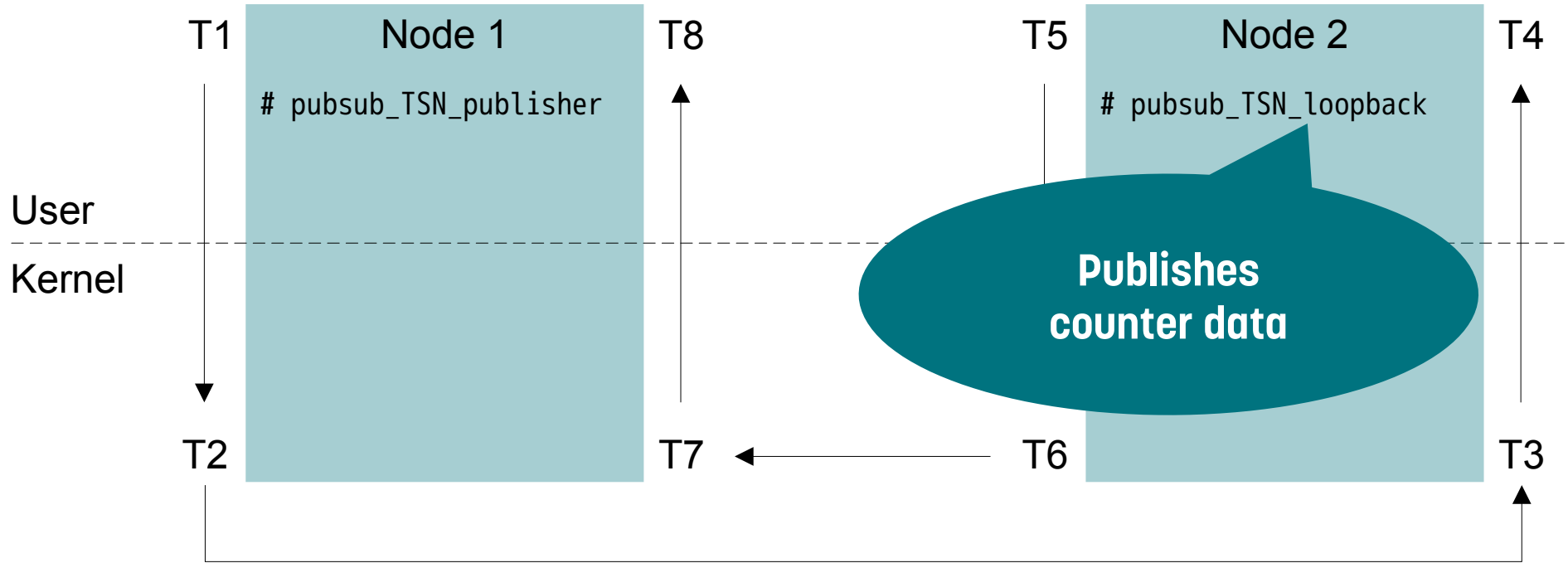
Open62541: PubSub real-time example



$T8 - T1 = \text{Round trip time}$

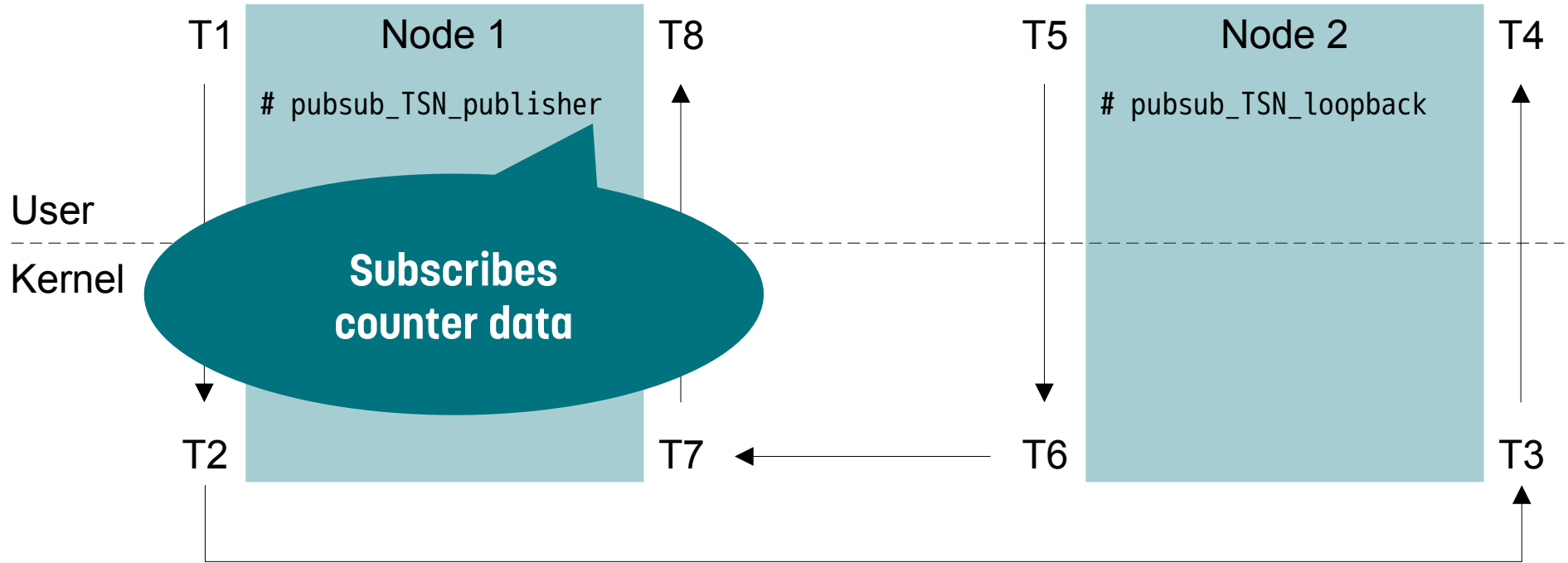


Open62541: PubSub real-time example



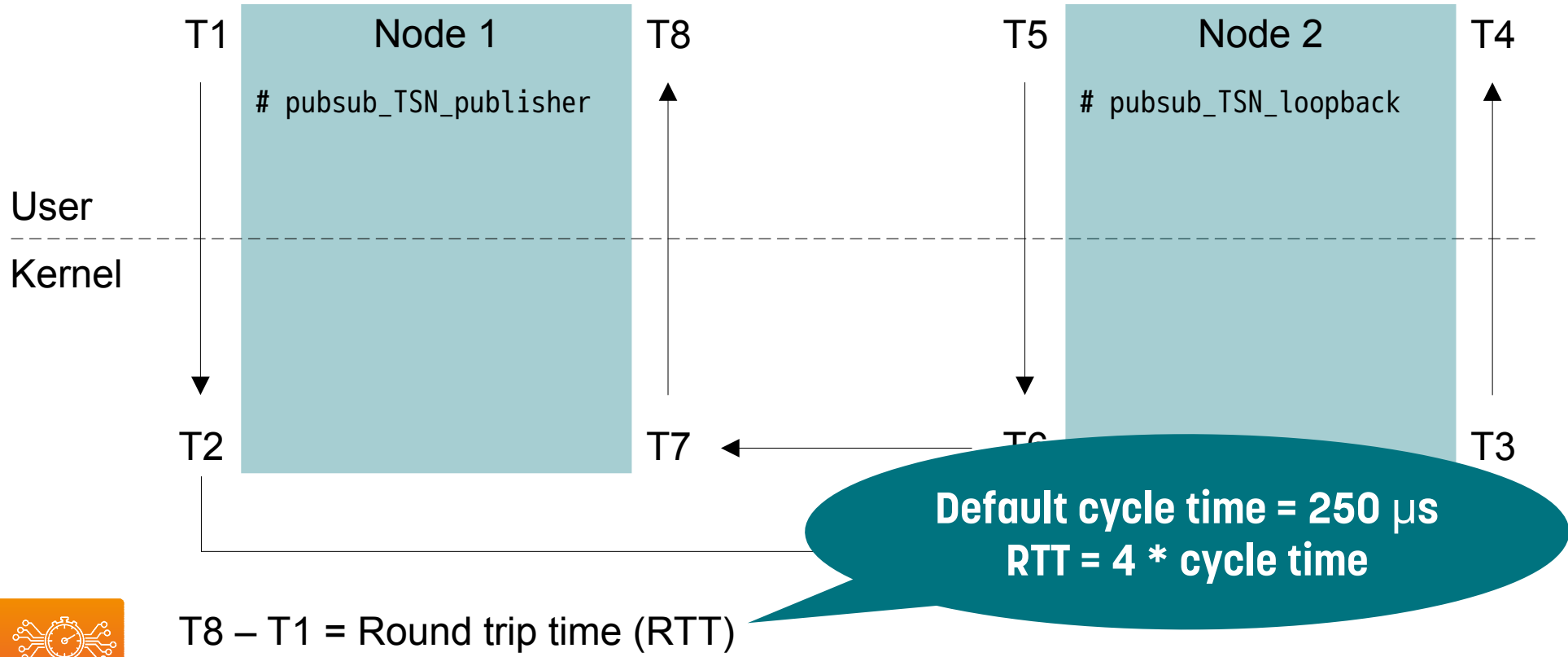
$T8 - T1 = \text{Round trip time}$

Open62541: PubSub real-time example



$T8 - T1 = \text{Round trip time}$

Open62541: PubSub real-time example



Open62541: PubSub real-time example

pubsub_TSN_publisher / pubsub_TSN_loopback			
Thread	Default priority	Default CPU Core	Parameter
Publisher	SCHED_FIFO 78	2	-pubPriority -pubCore
Subscriber	SCHED_FIFO 81	2	-subPriority -subCore
UserApplication	SCHED_FIFO 75	3	-userAppPriority -userAppCore



Open62541: PubSub real-time example

Node 1 (00:d0:93:46:b3:0b):

Node 2 (00:d0:93:46:b2:ff):

```
./pubsub_TSN_loopback \  
-interface enp2s0 \  
-enableBlockingSocket \  
-pubMacAddress opc.eth://00-d0-93-46-b3-0b:8.3 \  
-subMacAddress opc.eth://00-d0-93-46-b2-ff:8.3
```



Open62541: PubSub real-time example

Node 1 (00:d0:93:46:b3:0b):

Node 2 (00:d0:93:46:b2:ff):

**Start the loopback
part first to avoid
missed counters**

```
./pubsub_TSN_loopback \  
-interface enp2s0 \  
-enableBlockingSocket \  
-pubMacAddress opc.eth://00-d0-93-46-b3-0b:8.3 \  
-subMacAddress opc.eth://00-d0-93-46-b2-ff:8.3
```



OPC UA
TSN

Setting up Real-time Ethernet and TSN with Linux – A 10-step guide
Open Source Automation Development Lab (OSADL), Heidelberg



Open62541: PubSub real-time example

Node 1 (00:d0:93:46:b3:0b):

```
./pubsub_TSN_publisher \  
-interface enp2s0 \  
-enableBlockingSocket \  
-enableLatencyCsvLog \  
-pubMacAddress opc.eth://00-d0-93-46-b2-ff:8.3 \  
-subMacAddress opc.eth://00-d0-93-46-b3-0b:8.3
```

Node 2 (00:d0:93:46:b2:ff):

```
./pubsub_TSN_loopback \  
-interface enp2s0 \  
-enableBlockingSocket \  
-pubMacAddress opc.eth://00-d0-93-46-b3-0b:8.3 \  
-subMacAddress opc.eth://00-d0-93-46-b2-ff:8.3
```



OPC UA
TSN

Setting up Real-time Ethernet and TSN with Linux – A 10-step guide
Open Source Automation Development Lab (OSADL), Heidelberg



Open62541: PubSub real-time example

Node 1 (00:d0:93:46:b3:0b):

```
./pubsub_TSN_publisher \  
-interface enp2s0 \  
-enableBlockingSocket \  
-enableLatencyCsvLog \  
-pubMacAddress opc.eth://00-d0-93-46-b2-ff:8.3 \  
-subMacAddress opc.eth://00-d0-93-46-b3-0b:8.3
```

Node 2 (00:d0:93:46:b2:ff):

```
./pubsub_TSN_loopback \  
-interface enp2s0 \  
-enableBlockingSocket \  
-pubMacAddress opc.eth://00-d0-93-46-b3-0b:8.3 \  
-subMacAddress opc.eth://00-d0-93-46-b2-ff:8.3
```

**Write the round trip
latency to a CSV file
(latencyT1toT8.csv)**



OPC UA
TSN

Open62541: PubSub real-time example

Node 1 (**00:d0:93:46:b3:0b**):

```
./pubsub_TSN_publisher \  
-interface enp2s0 \  
-enableBlockingSocket \  
-enableLatencyCsvLog \  
-pubMacAddress opc.eth://00-d0-93-46-b2-ff:8.3 \  
-subMacAddress opc.eth://00-d0-93-46-b3-0b:8.3
```

Node 2 (00:d0:93:46:b2:ff):

```
./pubsub_TSN_loopback \  
-interface enp2s0 \  
-enableBlockingSocket \  
-pubMacAddress opc.eth://00-d0-93-46-b3-0b:8.3 \  
-subMacAddress opc.eth://00-d0-93-46-b2-ff:8.3
```



OPC UA
TSN

Setting up Real-time Ethernet and TSN with Linux – A 10-step guide
Open Source Automation Development Lab (OSADL), Heidelberg



Open62541: PubSub real-time example

Node 1 (00:d0:93:46:b3:0b):

```
./pubsub_TSN_publisher \  
-interface enp2s0 \  
-enableBlockingSocket \  
-enableLatencyCsvLog \  
-pubMacAddress opc.eth://00-d0-93-46-b2-ff:8.3 \  
-subMacAddress opc.eth://00-d0-93-46-b3-0b:8.3
```

Node 2 (00:d0:93:46:b2:ff):

```
./pubsub_TSN_loopback \  
-interface enp2s0 \  
-enableBlockingSocket \  
-pubMacAddress opc.eth://00-d0-93-46-b3-0b:8.3 \  
-subMacAddress opc.eth://00-d0-93-46-b2-ff:8.3
```

VLAN 8
Sochet priority 3



OPC UA
TSN

Open62541: PubSub real-time example

Node 1 (**00:d0:93:46:b3:0b**):

```
./pubsub_TSN_publisher \  
-interface enp2s0 \  
-enableBlockingSocket \  
-enableLatencyCsvLog \  
-pubMacAddress opc.eth://00-d0-93-46-b2-ff:8.3 \  
-subMacAddress opc.eth://00-d0-93-46-b3-0b:8.3
```

Node 2 (00:d0:93:46:b2:ff):

```
./pubsub_TSN_loopback \  
-interface enp2s0 \  
-enableBlockingSocket \  
-pubMacAddress opc.eth://00-d0-93-46-b3-0b:8.3 \  
-subMacAddress opc.eth://00-d0-93-46-b2-ff:8.3
```



OPC UA
TSN

Setting up Real-time Ethernet and TSN with Linux – A 10-step guide
Open Source Automation Development Lab (OSADL), Heidelberg



Open62541: PubSub real-time example

Node 1 (00:d0:93:46:b3:0b):

```
./pubsub_TSN_publisher \  
-interfac enp2s0 \  
-enableBlockingSocket \  
-enableLatencyCsvLog \  
-pubMacAddress opc.eth://00-d0-93-46-b2-ff:8.3 \  
-subMacAddress opc.eth://00-d0-93-46-b3-0b:8.3
```

Node 2 (**00:d0:93:46:b2:ff**):

```
./pubsub_TSN_loopback \  
-interface enp2s0 \  
-enableBlockingSocket \  
-pubMacAddress opc.eth://00-d0-93-46-b3-0b:8.3 \  
-subMacAddress opc.eth://00-d0-93-46-b2-ff:8.3
```



OPC UA
TSN

Setting up Real-time Ethernet and TSN with Linux – A 10-step guide
Open Source Automation Development Lab (OSADL), Heidelberg



Open62541: PubSub real-time example, latencyT1toT8.csv

```
997.716, 0, 0  
999.623, 0, 0  
1000.192, 0, 0  
999.977, 0, 0  
999.795, 0, 0  
[...]
```



OPC UA
TSN

Setting up Real-time Ethernet and TSN with Linux – A 10-step guide
Open Source Automation Development Lab (OSADL), Heidelberg

